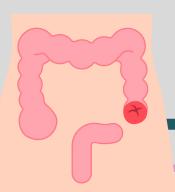
Nursing interventions to promote self-care in non hospitalized patients with digestive ostomies Universidad de Navarra

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INTRODUCTION

1.9 million people worldwide live with an elimination ostomy, with over 16,000 new ostomies performed annually. [1,2]

Having an ostomy significantly alters life, affecting emotional, physical, and social well-being, including self-image and daily activities. [3]

Many patients lack adequate pre- and post-operative education and preparation, often leading to ineffective self-care practices. [4] However, support and specialized care from ostomy nurses can enhance independence and overall quality of life. [2]

Primary care nurses are crucial in providing personalized ongoing care and teaching self-management techniques to these patients. [5]

OBJECTIVE

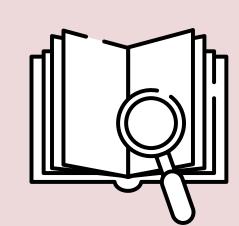
Know which nursing interventions are most beneficial for promoting self-care in individuals with digestive stomas who are not hospitalized.

Articles identified

after applying filters

(Nº: 265)

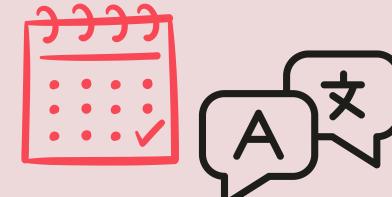
METHODOLOGY



Narrative review



Databases used: PubMed, CINAHL



- Last 10 years
- Spanish, English, French

Search strategy:

ostomized AND "nursing interventions"

Articles identifie

from Snowball

serach

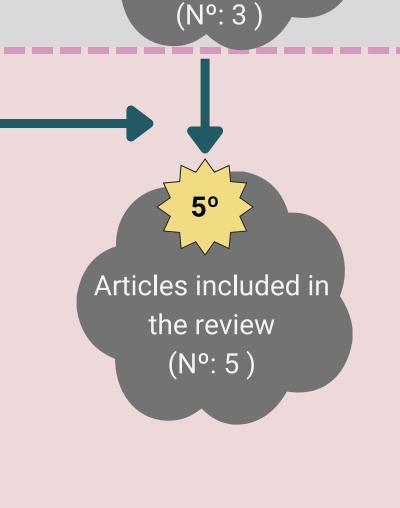
Articles identified

from databases

 $(N^{\circ}: 527)$

AND "self-care" NOT hospitalized

(+ synonyms + MeSH terms)



Articles identified

after complete

screening



PiCo structure:

Which are the most beneficial nursing interventions to promote self-care for non-hospitalized patients with digestive ostomies?

RESULTS

Technology-based interventions:

Provided by experienced ostomy nurses

Make an Smartphone sessions with nurses

Mobile app for home-based stoma care. [5]

appointment

Diagnos

phote

Diagnose based on photographs

Consultations

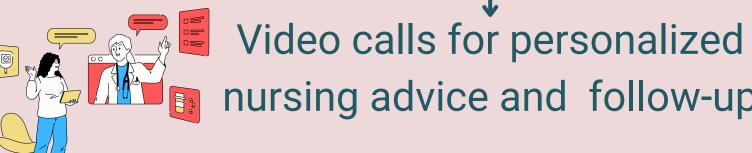


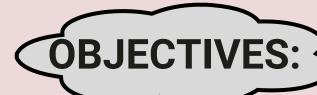
- Stoma management skills
- Body change acceptance
- Experience sharing
- Identify stoma issues
- Open communication
- Receiving personalized support

Continuous nursing care via a virtual platform. [6]

Exchange groups to share self-care methods and inquiries

Posting of instructional videos on sports and diet guides





- Facilitate mutual support
- Increase patient confidence
- Promote the updating of knowledge and precautions in care



Chronic Care Ostomy Self-Management Program: [4,7,8]

5 sessions

Led by: skilled ostomy nurses + ostomy peers

<u>Directed to:</u> patients and caregivers

Content:

- Manage ostomy-related concerns
- Enhance social and body image well-being
- Support caregivers
- Promote a healthy lifestyle





- Improve problem-solving abilities
- Reframe cognitive approaches

CONCLUSIONS

Technology-based interventions significantly improve self-management and quality of life in ostomates, promoting and enhancing self-care.

The Ostomy SelfManagement Training
program was unable to
demonstrate significant
benefits.

Implications

<u>Practice</u>: Integration of specialized care: ostomy care nurses role.

- <u>Teaching:</u> Importance of teaching home care and follow-up.
- Research: Continue researching effective care models.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

