

MASTER'S DEGREE IN BIOMEDICAL RESEARCH Research Project Proposal

Academic year 2024-2025

Project Nº08

Title: Role of denitrification in Brucella pathogenesis

Department/ Laboratory: Microbiology and Parasitology

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Summary

The members of the genus Brucella are α -2 Proteobacteria that cause brucellosis, an important disease affecting livestock and wild life as well as human beings. These bacteria follow a stealthy behavior that allows them to reach sheltered intracellular niches. To reach this intracellular niche, Brucella copes with different intracellular stresses such as oxidative and nitrosative stress. Once it reaches the intracellular niche, Brucella multiplies extensively in an ER- derived compartment. Among the adaptations that intracellular pathogens have to make in order to multiply inside vacuoles, the ability to obtain energy under conditions of low oxygen tension stands out. Brucella has been described as a facultative anaerobic genus capable of respiring nitrate. Although Brucella has the genetic capacity to carry out complete denitrification (NO_3 \rightarrow N2), it is not clear whether it carries out this type of respiration and it has been postulated that genes involved in the last steps of the process ($NO \rightarrow N2$) may be involved in coping with nitrosative stress.

Objective/s:

- To study the nitrate respiration of Brucella.
- To study Brucella strategies to deal with nitrosative stress.
- To connect the results obtained in 1 and 2 with Brucella central C metabolism and virulence.

Student tasks:

- To construct mutants in the genes of interest.
- To analyze the phenotype of the mutants in different in vitro and in vivo conditions. Student specifications:

Willingness to work under BSL3 conditions.

yes	х
no	

Does the project include the possibility of supervised animal manipulation to complete the training for animal manipulator?